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ILNAS-EN 12098-1:2017

Energy Performance of Buildings - Controls for heating systems - Part 1: Control equipment for hot water heating systems - Modules M3-5, 6, 7, 8

Performance énergétique des bâtiments
- Régulation pour les systèmes de
chauffage - Partie 1 : Equipement de
régulation pour les systèmes de

Energieeffizienz von Gebäuden - Mess-,
Steuer- und Regeleinrichtungen für
Heizungen - Teil 1: Regeleinrichtungen
für Warmwasserheizungen - Module

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National Foreword

This European Standard EN 12098-1:2017 was adopted as Luxembourgish Standard ILNAS-EN 12098-1:2017.

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**Energy Performance of Buildings - Controls for heating
systems - Part 1: Control equipment for hot water heating
systems - Modules M3-5, 6, 7, 8**

Performance énergétique des bâtiments - Régulation
pour les systèmes de chauffage - Partie 1 : Equipement
de régulation pour les systèmes de chauffage à eau
chaude - Modules M3-5, 6, 7, 8

Energieeffizienz von Gebäuden - Mess-, Steuer- und
Regeleinrichtungen für Heizungen - Teil 1:
Regeleinrichtungen für Warmwasserheizungen -
Module M3-5, 6, 7, 8

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 February 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 12098-1:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 247 “Building Automation, Controls and Building Management”, the secretariat of which is held by SNV.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2017 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 12098-1:2013.

This document has been prepared under a mandate [11] given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

The most important changes in comparison with EN 12098-1:2013 are:

- respecting the presentation of this project in the frame EPB in accordance with the drafting rules;
- Clause 6.7 Switching times and Table 2 introducing networked clocks improvements in line with EN 12098-5 modifications.

This document is part of the set of standards on the energy performance of buildings (the set of EPB standards).

In case this standard is used in the context of national or regional legal requirements, mandatory choices may be given at national or regional level for such specific applications, in particular for the application within the context of EU Directives transposed into national legal requirements.

Further target groups are users of the voluntary common European Union certification scheme for the energy performance of non-residential buildings (EPBD art. 11.9) and any other regional (e.g. Pan European) parties wanting to motivate their assumptions by classifying the building energy performance for a dedicated building stock.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This European Standard is part of a series of standards aiming at international harmonization of the methodology for the assessment of the energy performance of buildings, called “EPB set of standards”.

As part of the “EPB set of standards” it complies with the requirements for the set of basic EPB documents EN ISO 52000-1 (see Normative references), CEN/TS 16628 and CEN/TS 16629 (see bibliography [2] and [3]) developed under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association (Mandate M/480).

The standards issued by TC 247 for M/480 belong to the EPB set of standards and are in line with the over-arching standard (EN ISO 52000-1) and drafted in accordance with the basic principles and detailed technical rules developed in the Phase I of the mandate.

Also these standards are clearly identified in the modular structure developed to ensure a transparent and coherent EPB standard set. BAC (Building Automation and Control) is identified in the modular structure as Technical Building System M10. However, the standards of TC 247 deal with control accuracy, control functions and control strategies using standards communications protocol (these last standards do not belong to the EPB standards set).

To avoid a duplication of calculation due to the BAC (avoid double impact), no calculation are done in BAC EPB standard set, but in each underlying standard of EPB set of standards (from M1 to M9 in the Modular Structure), an IDENTIFIER developed and present in the M10 covered by EN 15232-1 is used where appropriate. These way of interaction is described in detailed in the Technical Report (CEN ISO/TR 52000-2) accompanying the over-arching standard. As a consequence, the Annex A and Annex B concept as EXCEL sheet with the calculation formulas used in the EPB standards are not applicable for the standards issued by TC 247 for M/480.

The main target groups of this standard are all the users of the set of EPB standards (e.g. architects, engineers, regulators).

Further target groups are parties wanting to motivate their assumptions by classifying the building energy performance for a dedicated building stock.

More information is provided in the Technical Report accompanying this standard (CEN/TR 12098-6:2015 [5]).

1 Scope

This European Standard applies to electronic control equipment for heating systems with water as the heating medium and a supply water temperature up to 120 °C.

This control equipment controls the distribution and/or the generation of heat in relation to the outside temperature and time and other reference variables.

This standard covers also controllers that contain an integrated optimum start or an optimum start-stop control function.

Safety requirements on heating systems remain unaffected by this standard.

The dynamic behaviour of the valves and actuators are not covered in this standard.

A multi-distribution and/or multi-generation system needs a coordinated solution to prevent undesired interaction and is not part of this standard.

Table 1 shows the relative position of this standard within the set of EPB standards in the context of the modular structure as set out in EN ISO 52000-1.

NOTE 1 In CEN ISO/TR 52000-2 the same table can be found, with, for each module, the numbers of the relevant EPB standards and accompanying Technical Reports that are published or in preparation.

NOTE 2 The modules represent EPB standards, although one EPB standard may cover more than one module and one module may be covered by more than one EPB standard, for instance a simplified and a detailed method respectively.