

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
3262-3

First edition
1998-07-01

Extenders for paints — Specifications and methods of test —

Part 3: Blanc fixe

*Matières de charge pour peintures — Spécifications et méthodes d'essai —
Partie 3: Blanc fixe*



Reference number
ISO 3262-3:1998(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 3262-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pigments and extenders*.

Together with the other parts (see below), this part of ISO 3262 cancels and replaces ISO 3262:1975, which has been technically revised. Part 1 comprises the definition of the term extender and a number of test methods that are applicable to most extenders, whilst part 2 and the following parts specify requirements and, where appropriate, particular test methods for individual extenders.

At present, the following parts of ISO 3262 are published or in preparation, under the general title *Extenders for paints* — *Specifications and methods of test*:

- Part 1: *Introduction and general test methods*
- Part 2: *Barytes (natural barium sulfate)*
- Part 3: *Blanc fixe*
- Part 4: *Whiting*
- Part 5: *Natural crystalline calcium carbonate*
- Part 6: *Precipitated calcium carbonate*
- Part 7: *Dolomite*
- Part 8: *Natural clay*
- Part 9: *Calcined clay*

© ISO 1998

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland
Internet iso@iso.ch

Printed in Switzerland

- *Part 10: Natural talc/chlorite in lamellar form*
- *Part 11: Natural talc, in lamellar form, containing carbonates*
- *Part 12: Muscovite-type mica*
- *Part 13: Natural quartz (ground)*
- *Part 14: Cristobalite*
- *Part 15: Vitreous silica*
- *Part 16: Aluminium hydroxides*
- *Part 17: Precipitated calcium silicate*
- *Part 18: Precipitated sodium aluminium silicate*
- *Part 19: Precipitated silica*
- *Part 20: Fumed silica*
- *Part 21: Silica sand (unground natural quartz)*
- *Part 22: Diatomaceous earth (kieselguhr)*