

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems –
Part 5-2: Safety requirements – Functional**

**Entraînements électriques de puissance à vitesse variable –
Partie 5-2: Exigences de sécurité – Fonctionnelle**



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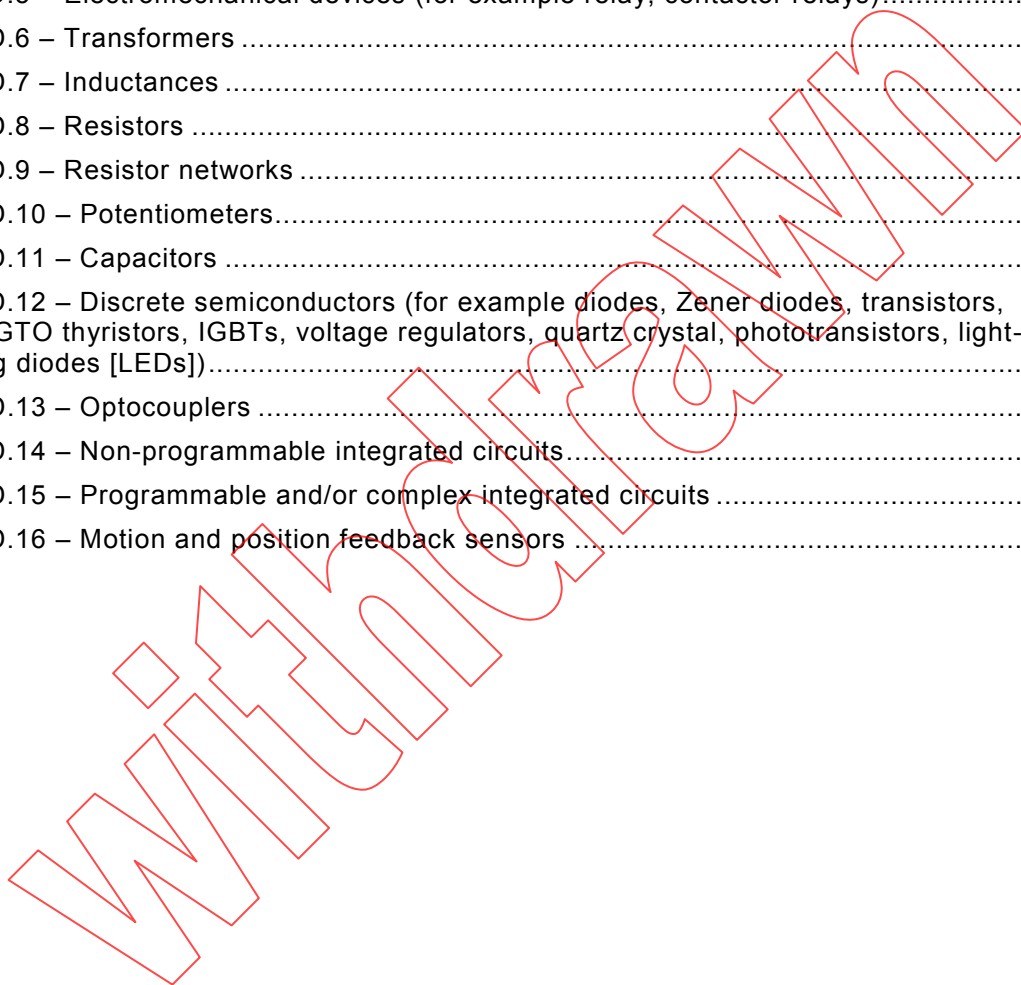
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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	5
INTRODUCTION.....	7
1 Scope and object.....	8
2 Normative references	9
3 Terms and definitions	10
4 Designated safety functions.....	15
4.1 General	15
4.2 Safety functions	16
4.2.1 Limit values	16
4.2.2 Stopping functions.....	16
4.2.3 Other safety functions.....	17
5 Management of functional safety	18
5.1 Objective	18
5.2 PDS(SR) development lifecycle	18
5.3 Functional safety planning.....	19
5.4 Safety requirements specification (SRS) for a PDS(SR)	21
5.4.1 General	21
5.4.2 Safety functionality requirements specification	21
5.4.3 Safety integrity requirements specification.....	22
6 Requirements for design and development of a PDS(SR)	22
6.1 General requirements.....	22
6.1.1 Change in operational status	22
6.1.2 Design standards.....	22
6.1.3 Realisation	23
6.1.4 Safety integrity and fault detection.....	23
6.1.5 Safety and non-safety functions.....	23
6.1.6 SIL to be used.....	23
6.1.7 Software requirements.....	23
6.1.8 Review of requirements	23
6.1.9 Design documentation	24
6.2 PDS(SR) design requirements.....	24
6.2.1 Requirements for probability of dangerous random hardware failures per hour (PFH)	24
6.2.2 Architectural constraints	26
6.2.3 Estimation of safe failure fraction (SFF).....	28
6.2.4 Requirements for systematic safety integrity of a PDS(SR) and PDS(SR) subsystems	28
6.2.5 Electromagnetic (EM) immunity requirement of a PDS(SR).....	31
6.3 Behaviour on detection of fault	31
6.3.1 Fault detection.....	31
6.3.2 Fault tolerance greater than zero	32
6.3.3 Fault tolerance zero.....	32
6.4 Additional requirements for data communications	32
6.5 PDS(SR) integration and testing requirements	33
6.5.1 Hardware integration	33

6.5.2	Software integration	33
6.5.3	Modifications during integration	33
6.5.4	Applicable integration tests.....	33
6.5.5	Test documentation	34
7	Information for use	34
7.1	Information and instructions for safe application of a PDS(SR).....	34
8	Verification and validation	35
8.1	General	35
8.2	Verification	36
8.3	Validation	36
8.4	Documentation	36
9	Test requirements	36
9.1	Planning of tests	36
9.2	Test documentation.....	36
10	Modification.....	37
10.1	Objective.....	37
10.2	Requirements.....	37
10.2.1	Modification request	37
10.2.2	Impact analysis.....	37
10.2.3	Authorization	37
10.2.4	Documentation	37
Annex A (informative)	Sequential task table.....	38
Annex B (informative)	Example for determination of <i>PFH</i>	41
Annex C (informative)	Available failure rate databases	52
Annex D (informative)	Fault lists and fault exclusions	54
Bibliography.....		64
Figure 1 –	Functional elements of a PDS(SR).....	9
Figure 2 –	PDS(SR) development lifecycle.....	19
Figure 3 –	Architectures for data communication (a) White channel; b) Black channel)	33
Figure B.1 –	Example PDS(SR)	41
Figure B.2 –	Subsystems of the PDS(SR)	42
Figure B.3 –	Function blocks of subsystem A/B.....	43
Figure B.4 –	Reliability model (Markov) of subsystem A/B.....	46
Figure B.5 –	Function blocks of subsystem PS/VM.....	48
Figure B.6 –	Reliability model (Markov) of subsystem PS/VM	50
Table 1 –	Alphabetical list of definitions	11
Table 2 –	Safety integrity levels: target failure measures for a PDS(SR) safety function	24
Table 3 –	Hardware safety integrity: architectural constraints on type A safety-related subsystems.....	27
Table 4 –	Hardware safety integrity: architectural constraints on type B safety-related subsystems.....	28

Table B.1 – Determination of DC factor of subsystem A/B.....	45
Table B.2 – PFH value calculation results for subsystem A/B.....	47
Table B.3 – Determination of DC factor of subsystem A/B.....	48
Table B.4 – PFH value calculation results for subsystem PS/VM.....	51
Table D.1 – Conductors/cables.....	55
Table D.2 – Printed wiring boards/assemblies.....	55
Table D.3 – Terminal block.....	56
Table D.4 – Multi-pin connector.....	56
Table D.5 – Electromechanical devices (for example relay, contactor relays).....	57
Table D.6 – Transformers.....	57
Table D.7 – Inductances.....	58
Table D.8 – Resistors.....	58
Table D.9 – Resistor networks.....	58
Table D.10 – Potentiometers.....	59
Table D.11 – Capacitors.....	59
Table D.12 – Discrete semiconductors (for example diodes, Zener diodes, transistors, triacs, GTO thyristors, IGBTs, voltage regulators, quartz crystal, phototransistors, light-emitting diodes [LEDs]).....	59
Table D.13 – Optocouplers.....	60
Table D.14 – Non-programmable integrated circuits.....	60
Table D.15 – Programmable and/or complex integrated circuits.....	61
Table D.16 – Motion and position feedback sensors.....	62



INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ADJUSTABLE SPEED ELECTRICAL
POWER DRIVE SYSTEMS –**
**Part 5-2: Safety requirements –
Functional**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61800-5-2 has been prepared by subcommittee 22G: Adjustable speed electric drive systems incorporating semiconductor power converters, of IEC technical committee 22: Power electronic systems and equipment.

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Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61800 series, published under the general title *Adjustable speed electric drive systems*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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INTRODUCTION

As a result of automation, demand for increased production and reduced operator physical effort, control systems of machinery and plant items play an increasing role in the achievement of overall safety. These control systems increasingly employ complex electrical/electronic/programmable electronic devices and systems.

Prominent amongst these devices and systems are adjustable speed electrical power drive systems (PDS) that are suitable for use in safety-related applications (PDS(SR)).

Examples of industrial applications are:

- machine tools, robots, production test equipment, test benches;
- papermaking machines, textile production machines, calendars in the rubber industry;
- process lines in plastics, chemicals or metal production, rolling-mills;
- cement crushing machines, cement kilns, mixers, centrifuges, extrusion machines;
- drilling machines;
- conveyors, materials handling machines, hoisting equipment (cranes, gantries, etc);
- pumps, fans, etc.

This standard can also be used as a reference for developers using PDS(SR) for other applications.

Users of this standard should be aware that some type C standards for machinery currently refer to ISO 13849-1 for safety-related control systems. In this case, PDS(SR) manufacturers may be requested to provide further information (e.g. category and/or performance level) to facilitate the integration of a PDS(SR) into the safety-related control systems of such machinery.

NOTE "Type C standards" are defined in ISO 12100-1 as machine safety standards dealing with detailed safety requirements for a particular machine or group of machines.

Previously, in the absence of standards, there has been a reluctance to accept electronic, and in particular programmable electronic, devices and systems in safety-related functions because of uncertainty regarding the safety performance of such technology.

There are many situations where control systems that incorporate a PDS(SR) are employed, for example as part of safety measures that have been provided to achieve risk reduction. A typical case is guard interlocking in order to exclude personnel from hazards where access to the danger zone is only possible when rotating parts have attained a safe condition. This part of IEC 61800 gives a methodology to identify the contribution made by a PDS(SR) to identified safety functions and to enable the appropriate design of the PDS(SR) and verification that it meets the required performance.

Measures are given to co-ordinate the safety performance of the PDS(SR) with the intended risk reduction taking into account the probabilities and consequences of its random and systematic faults.