

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



GROUP SAFETY PUBLICATION  
PUBLICATION GROUPEE DE SÉCURITÉ

**Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use –  
Part 2-010: Particular requirements for laboratory equipment for the heating of materials**

**Exigences de sécurité pour appareils électriques de mesurage, de régulation et de laboratoire –  
Partie 2-010: Exigences particulières pour appareils de laboratoire utilisés pour l'échauffement des matières**



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IEC 61010-2-010

Edition 4.0 2019-02

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT  
FOR MEASUREMENT, CONTROL AND LABORATORY USE –****Part 2-010: Particular requirements for laboratory  
equipment for the heating of materials**

## FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61010-2-010 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 66: Safety of measuring, control and laboratory equipment.

It has the status of a group safety publication in accordance with IEC Guide 104.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2014. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) alignment with changes introduced by Amendment 1 of IEC 61010-1:2010;
- b) alignment with IEC 61010-2-011 and IEC 61010-2-012:

- new matching Introduction clarifying which standard(s) to use;
  - new 5.4.101 instructions for flammable liquid HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM;
  - subclause 9.5 on flammable liquids replaced with text from IEC 61010-2-012;
- c) subclause 5.2.101 deleted;
- d) requirements in 10.101 b) and c) clarified.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
66/657/CDV	66/678/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61010 series, published under the general title: *Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use*, can be found on the IEC website.

This Part 2-010 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 61010-1. It was established on the basis of the third edition (2010) and its Amendment 1 (2016), hereinafter referred to as Part 1.

This Part 2-010 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 61010-1 so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: *Particular requirements for laboratory equipment for the heating of materials*.

Where a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this Part 2-010, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. Where this Part 2-010 states "addition", "modification", "replacement", or "deletion" the relevant requirement, test specification or note in Part 1 should be adapted accordingly.

In this standard:

- 1) the following print types are used:
  - requirements: in roman type;
  - NOTES in small roman type;
  - *conformity and test: in italic type;*
  - terms used throughout this standard which have been defined in Clause 3: SMALL ROMAN CAPITALS;
- 2) subclauses, figures, tables and notes which are additional to those in Part 1 are numbered starting from 101. Additional annexes are lettered starting from AA.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

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## INTRODUCTION

This Part 2-010, Part 2-011 and Part 2-012, taken together, address the specific HAZARDS associated with the heating and cooling of materials by equipment and are organized as follows:

IEC 61010-2-010	Specifically addresses the HAZARDS associated with equipment incorporating heating systems.
IEC 61010-2-011	Specifically addresses the HAZARDS associated with equipment incorporating refrigerating systems.
IEC 61010-2-012	Specifically addresses the HAZARDS associated with equipment incorporating both heating and refrigerating systems that interact with each other such that the combined heating and cooling system yield additional or more severe HAZARDS for the two systems than if treated separately. It also addresses the HAZARDS associated with the treatment of materials by other factors like irradiation, excessive humidity, CO <sub>2</sub> and mechanical movement, etc.

### Guidance for the application of the appropriate Part 2 standard(s)

When the equipment includes only a material heating system, and no refrigerating system or other environmental factors apply, then Part 2-010 applies without needing Part 2-011 or Part 2-012. Similarly, when the equipment includes only a refrigerating system, and no material heating system or other environmental factors apply, then Part 2-011 applies without needing Part 2-010 or Part 2-012. However, when the equipment incorporates both a material heating system, and a refrigerating system or the materials being treated in the intended application introduce significant heat into the refrigerating system, a determination should be made as to whether the interaction between the two systems will generate additional or more severe HAZARDS than if the systems were evaluated separately (controlled temperature, see flow chart of Figure 102 for selection process). If the interaction of the heating and cooling functions yields no additional or more severe HAZARDS, then both Part 2-010 and Part 2-011 apply for their respective functions. Conversely, if additional or more severe HAZARDS result from the combining of the heating and cooling functions, or if the equipment incorporates additional material treatment factors, then Part 2-012 applies, but not Part 2-010 or Part 2-011.

### What HAZARDS are applicable for a refrigerating system?

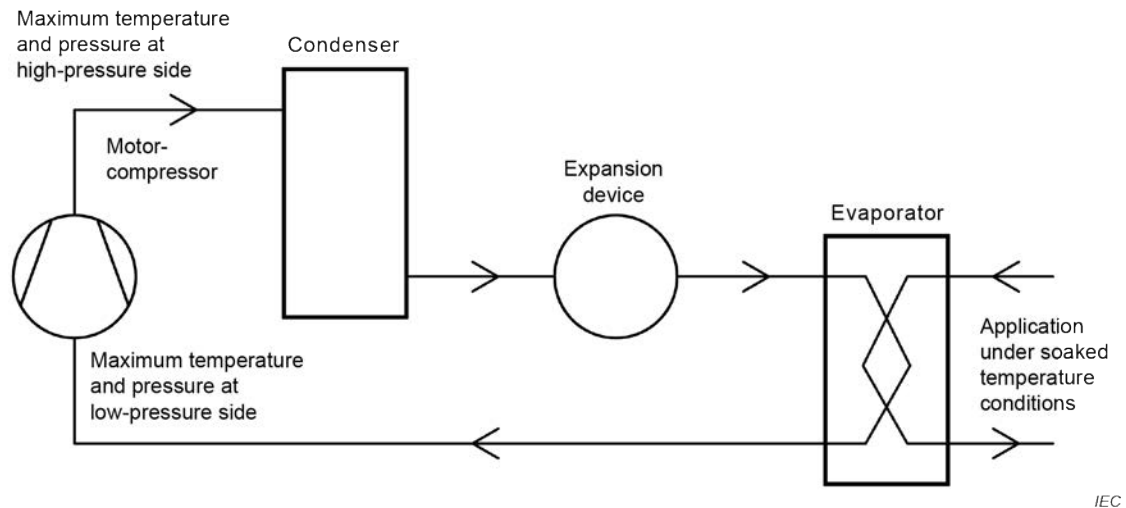
The typical HAZARDS for a refrigerating system (see Figure 101) consisting of a motor-compressor, a condenser, an expansion device and an evaporator include but are not limited to:

- The maximum temperature of low-pressure side (return temperature) to the motor-compressor. A motor-compressor incorporates a refrigerant cooled motor and it must be established that the maximum temperatures of low-pressure side under least favourable condition do not exceed the insulation RATINGS within the motor.
- The maximum pressure of low-pressure side at the inlet to the motor-compressor. The housing of the motor-compressor is exposed to this pressure and so the design RATING of the motor-compressor housing must accommodate the worst-case pressures whilst providing the correct safety margin for a pressure vessel.
- The maximum temperature of high-pressure side to the condenser. The temperatures of the high-pressure side under most unfavourable conditions may present a temperature HAZARD if the OPERATOR is exposed to them or if the electrical insulation is degraded.
- The maximum pressure of high-pressure side at the outlet to the motor-compressor. The refrigerant components downstream of the motor-compressor up to the expansion device are exposed to this pressure and so the design RATING of these components must accommodate the worst-case pressures whilst providing the appropriate safety margin for a pressure vessel.
- The maximum controlled temperatures, namely, the soaked temperature conditions, where the heat is being extracted from, may impact the maximum temperature of low-pressure side to the motor-compressor as well as present a temperature HAZARD if the OPERATOR is

exposed to them or if the electrical insulation is degraded. Whether this controlled temperature is derived from an integral heating function of the device or from the heat dissipated from the material being cooled, the impact under worst-case conditions should be evaluated.

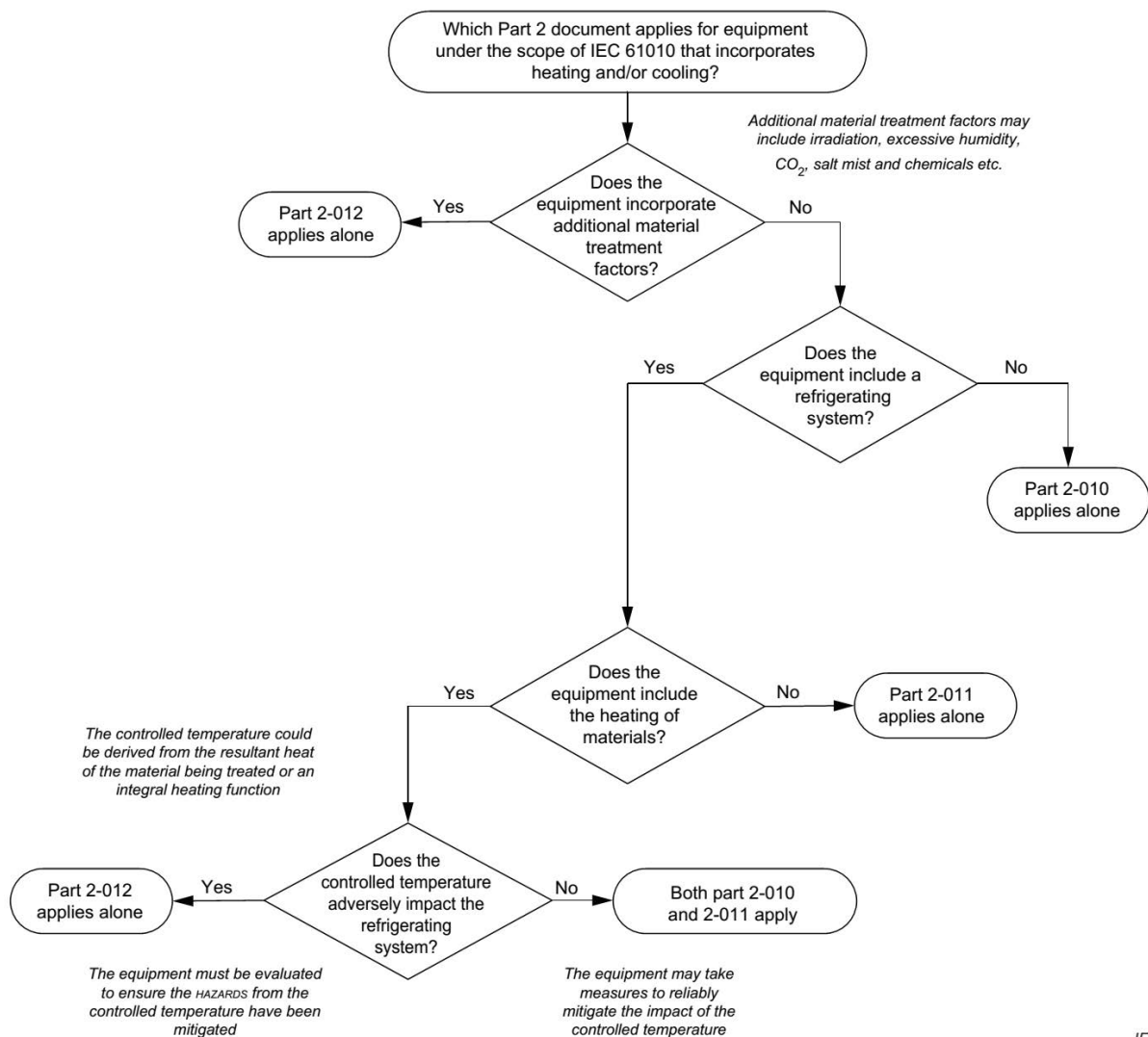
- The current draw of the equipment should be established when including the worst-case running conditions of the refrigerating system including any defrost cycles that may apply.

The worst-case conditions need to be determined for the equipment and will include both the least favourable NORMAL USE conditions as well as the most unfavourable testing results under SINGLE FAULT CONDITIONS.



**Figure 101 – Schema of a refrigerating system incorporating a condenser**

The selection process is illustrated in the following flow chart (see Figure 102).



IEC

Figure 102 – Flow chart illustrating the selection process

# SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FOR MEASUREMENT, CONTROL AND LABORATORY USE –

## Part 2-010: Particular requirements for laboratory equipment for the heating of materials

### 1 Scope and object

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows:

#### 1.1.1 Equipment included in scope

*Replacement:*

*Replace the second paragraph by the following:*

This part of IEC 61010 specifies particular safety requirements for the following types a) to c) of electrical equipment and their accessories, wherever they are intended to be used, whenever the heating of materials is one of the functions of the equipment.

*Addition:*

*Add the following text after item c):*

It is possible that all or part of the equipment falls within the scope of one or more other Part 2 standards of IEC 61010 as well as within the scope of this standard. In that case, the requirements of those other Part 2 standards will also apply. In particular, if equipment is intended to be used for in vitro diagnostic (IVD) purposes, the requirements of IEC 61010-2-101 will also apply. However, when the equipment incorporates a refrigerating system and a heating function where the combination of the two introduces additional or more severe HAZARDS than if treated separately, then it is possible that IEC 61010-2-012 is applicable instead of this Part 2-010.

See further information in the flow chart (Figure 102) for the selection process and the guidance in the Introduction.

#### 1.1.2 Equipment excluded from scope

*Addition:*

*Add the following items after item j):*

- aa) equipment for the heating and ventilation of laboratories;
- bb) sterilizing equipment;
- cc) heating and/or cooling equipment which the OPERATOR is intended to enter, and which is large enough for the OPERATOR to remain inside with the door or doors closed.

### 2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable, except as follows:

*Addition:*

*Add the following reference to the list:*

ISO 7010, *Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Registered safety signs* (available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>)

### 3 Terms and definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows:

#### 3.2 Parts and accessories

*Addition:*

*Add the following new term and definition:*

##### 3.2.101

##### **HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM**

medium used to transfer heat to the material being processed

### 4 Tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows:

#### 4.4.2.11 Heating devices

*Addition:*

*Add the following new text after the existing text:*

If a HAZARD could be caused by over-filling or under-filling with a liquid HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM, the equipment shall be tested when it is empty, partially filled, or overfilled, whichever is least favourable. In case of doubt, the test shall be carried out in more than one condition. The HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM used for the test shall be of a type specified for NORMAL USE.

### 5 Marking and documentation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows:

#### 5.1.3 MAINS supply

*Addition:*

*Add the following new text to the end of item c):*

If, for periods of 1 min or less after switching on, the actual power or current can be much higher than the marked maximum RATED power or current, the short-term maximum may be marked in brackets after the maximum RATED power or current.

#### **Table 1 – Symbols**

*Addition:*

*Add the following new symbol to Table 1:*