

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods –
Part 20-1: Handling, packing, labelling and shipping of surface-mount devices
sensitive to the combined effect of moisture and soldering heat**

**Dispositifs à semiconducteurs – Méthodes d'essais mécaniques et climatiques –
Partie 20-1: Manipulation, emballage, étiquetage et transport des composants
pour montage en surface sensibles à l'effet combiné de l'humidité et de la
chaleur de brasage**



THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED

Copyright © 2009 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester.

If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

Droits de reproduction réservés. Sauf indication contraire, aucune partie de cette publication ne peut être reproduite ni utilisée sous quelque forme que ce soit et par aucun procédé, électronique ou mécanique, y compris la photocopie et les microfilms, sans l'accord écrit de la CEI ou du Comité national de la CEI du pays du demandeur.

Si vous avez des questions sur le copyright de la CEI ou si vous désirez obtenir des droits supplémentaires sur cette publication, utilisez les coordonnées ci-après ou contactez le Comité national de la CEI de votre pays de résidence.

IEC Central Office
3, rue de Varembe
CH-1211 Geneva 20
Switzerland
Email: inmail@iec.ch
Web: www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

- Catalogue of IEC publications: www.iec.ch/searchpub

The IEC on-line Catalogue enables you to search by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, withdrawn and replaced publications.

- IEC Just Published: www.iec.ch/online_news/justpub

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details twice a month all new publications released. Available on-line and also by email.

- Electropedia: www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing more than 20 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary online.

- Customer Service Centre: www.iec.ch/webstore/custserv

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please visit the Customer Service Centre FAQ or contact us:

Email: csc@iec.ch
Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00

A propos de la CEI

La Commission Electrotechnique internationale (CEI) est la première organisation mondiale qui élabore et publie des normes internationales pour tout ce qui a trait à l'électricité, à l'électronique et aux technologies apparentées.

A propos des publications CEI

Le contenu technique des publications de la CEI est constamment revu. Veuillez vous assurer que vous possédez l'édition la plus récente, un corrigendum ou amendement peut avoir été publié.

- Catalogue des publications de la CEI: www.iec.ch/searchpub/cur_fut-f.htm

Le Catalogue en-ligne de la CEI vous permet d'effectuer des recherches en utilisant différents critères (numéro de référence, texte, comité d'études,...). Il donne aussi des informations sur les projets et les publications retirées ou remplacées.

- Just Published CEI: www.iec.ch/online_news/justpub

Restez informé sur les nouvelles publications de la CEI. Just Published détaille deux fois par mois les nouvelles publications parues. Disponible en-ligne et aussi par email.

- Electropedia: www.electropedia.org

Le premier dictionnaire en ligne au monde de termes électroniques et électriques. Il contient plus de 20 000 termes et définitions en anglais et en français, ainsi que les termes équivalents dans les langues additionnelles. Egalement appelé Vocabulaire Electrotechnique International en ligne.

- Service Clients: www.iec.ch/webstore/custserv/custserv_entry-f.htm

Si vous désirez nous donner des commentaires sur cette publication ou si vous avez des questions, visitez le FAQ du Service clients ou contactez-nous:

Email: csc@iec.ch
Tél.: +41 22 919 02 11
Fax: +41 22 919 03 00

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods –
Part 20-1: Handling, packing, labelling and shipping of surface-mount devices
sensitive to the combined effect of moisture and soldering heat**

**Dispositifs à semiconducteurs – Méthodes d'essais mécaniques et climatiques –
Partie 20-1: Manipulation, emballage, étiquetage et transport des composants
pour montage en surface sensibles à l'effet combiné de l'humidité et de la
chaleur de brasage**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

COMMISSION
ELECTROTECHNIQUE
INTERNATIONALE

PRICE CODE
CODE PRIX



ICS 31.080.01

ISBN 978-2-88910-285-3

CONTENTS

| | |
|---|----|
| FOREWORD..... | 4 |
| INTRODUCTION..... | 6 |
| 1 Scope..... | 7 |
| 2 Normative references..... | 7 |
| 3 Terms and definitions..... | 7 |
| 4 General applicability and reliability considerations..... | 9 |
| 4.1 Assembly processes..... | 9 |
| 4.1.1 Mass reflow..... | 9 |
| 4.1.2 Localized heating..... | 9 |
| 4.1.3 Socketed components..... | 9 |
| 4.1.4 Point-to-point soldering..... | 9 |
| 4.2 Reliability..... | 9 |
| 5 Dry packing..... | 10 |
| 5.1 Requirements..... | 10 |
| 5.2 Drying of SMDs and carrier materials before being sealed in MBBs..... | 10 |
| 5.2.1 Drying requirements - level A2..... | 10 |
| 5.2.2 Drying requirements - levels B2a to B5a..... | 10 |
| 5.2.3 Drying requirements - carrier materials..... | 10 |
| 5.2.4 Drying requirements - other..... | 11 |
| 5.2.5 Excess time between bake and bag..... | 11 |
| 5.3 Dry pack..... | 11 |
| 5.3.1 Description..... | 11 |
| 5.3.2 Materials..... | 11 |
| 5.3.3 Labels..... | 13 |
| 5.3.4 Shelf life..... | 14 |
| 6 Drying..... | 14 |
| 6.1 Drying options..... | 14 |
| 6.2 Post exposure to factory ambient..... | 16 |
| 6.2.1 Floor life clock..... | 16 |
| 6.2.2 Any duration exposure..... | 16 |
| 6.2.3 Short duration exposure..... | 16 |
| 6.3 General considerations for baking..... | 17 |
| 6.3.1 High-temperature carriers..... | 17 |
| 6.3.2 Low-temperature carriers..... | 17 |
| 6.3.3 Paper and plastic container items..... | 17 |
| 6.3.4 Bakeout times..... | 17 |
| 6.3.5 ESD protection..... | 17 |
| 6.3.6 Reuse of carriers..... | 17 |
| 6.3.7 Solderability limitations..... | 17 |
| 7 Use..... | 18 |
| 7.1 Floor life clock start..... | 18 |
| 7.2 Incoming bag inspection..... | 18 |
| 7.2.1 Upon receipt..... | 18 |
| 7.2.2 Component inspection..... | 18 |
| 7.3 Floor life..... | 18 |
| 7.4 Safe storage..... | 19 |

| | | |
|---|---|----|
| 7.4.1 | Safe storage categories | 19 |
| 7.4.2 | Dry pack | 19 |
| 7.4.3 | Dry atmosphere cabinet | 19 |
| 7.5 | Reflow | 19 |
| 7.5.1 | Reflow categories | 19 |
| 7.5.2 | Opened MBB | 19 |
| 7.5.3 | Reflow temperature extremes | 19 |
| 7.5.4 | Additional thermal profile parameters | 20 |
| 7.5.5 | Multiple reflow passes | 20 |
| 7.5.6 | Maximum reflow passes | 20 |
| 7.6 | Drying indicators | 20 |
| 7.6.1 | Drying requirements | 20 |
| 7.6.2 | Excess humidity in the dry pack | 20 |
| 7.6.3 | Floor life or ambient temperature/humidity exceeded | 21 |
| 7.6.4 | Level B6 SMDs | 21 |
| Annex A (normative) Symbol and labels for moisture-sensitive devices | | 22 |
| Annex B (informative) Board rework | | 27 |
| Annex C (informative) Derating due to factory environmental conditions | | 28 |
| Bibliography | | 31 |
| Figure 1 – Typical dry pack configuration for moisture-sensitive SMDs in shipping tubes | | 11 |
| Figure 2a – Example humidity indicator card for level A2 | | 13 |
| Figure 2b – Example humidity indicator card for levels B2a to B5a | | 13 |
| Figure 2 – Example humidity indicator cards | | 13 |
| Figure A.1 – Moisture-sensitive symbol (example) | | 22 |
| Figure A.2 – MSID label (example) | | 22 |
| Figure A.3 – Information label for level A1 or B1 (example) | | 23 |
| Figure A.4 – Moisture-sensitive caution label for level A2 (example) | | 24 |
| Figure A.5 – Moisture-sensitive caution label for levels B2-B5a (example) | | 25 |
| Figure A.6 – Moisture-sensitive caution label for level B6 (example) | | 26 |
| Table 1 – Dry packing requirements | | 10 |
| Table 2 – Reference conditions for drying mounted or unmounted SMDs (user bake: floor life begins counting at time = 0 after bake) | | 14 |
| Table 3 – Default baking times used prior to dry-pack that were exposed to conditions ≤60 % RH (supplier bake: MET = 24 h) | | 16 |
| Table 4 – Moisture classification level and floor life | | 18 |
| Table C.1 – Recommended equivalent total floor life (days) for level A2 at 20 °C, 25 °C, 30 °C and 35 °C for ICs with Novolac, biphenyl and multifunctional epoxies (reflow at same temperature at which component was classified) | | 28 |
| Table C.2 – Recommended equivalent total floor life (days) for levels B2a to B5a at 20 °C, 25 °C, 30 °C and 35 °C for ICs with Novolac, biphenyl and multifunctional epoxies (reflow at same temperature at which component was classified) | | 29 |

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES –
MECHANICAL AND CLIMATIC TEST METHODS –****Part 20-1: Handling, packing, labelling and shipping of surface-mount
devices sensitive to the combined effect of moisture and soldering heat**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC provides no marking procedure to indicate its approval and cannot be rendered responsible for any equipment declared to be in conformity with an IEC Publication.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60749-20-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 47: Semiconductor devices.

This standard cancels and replaces IEC/PAS 62168 and IEC/PAS 62169 published in 2000. IEC/PAS 62169 was based on a Joint (IPC/JEDEC) Industry Standard. This first edition of IEC 60749-20-1 constitutes a technical revision.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

| FDIS | Report on voting |
|--------------|------------------|
| 47/2010/FDIS | 47/2013/RVD |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60749 series, under the general title *Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

Withdrawn

INTRODUCTION

The advent of surface-mount devices (SMDs) introduced a new class of quality and reliability concerns regarding package damage “cracks and delamination” from the solder reflow process. This document describes the standardized levels of floor life exposure for moisture/reflow-sensitive SMDs along with the handling, packing and shipping requirements necessary to avoid moisture/reflow-related failures. IEC 60749-20 defines the classification procedure and Annex A of this document defines the labelling requirements.

Moisture from atmospheric humidity enters permeable packaging materials by diffusion. Assembly processes used to solder SMDs to printed circuit boards (PCBs) expose the entire package body to temperatures higher than 200 °C. During solder reflow, the combination of rapid moisture expansion, materials mismatch, and material interface degradation can result in package cracking and/or delamination of critical interfaces within the package.

The solder reflow processes of concern are convection, convection/IR, infrared (IR) vapour phase (VPR) and hot air rework tools. The use of assembly processes that immerse the component body in molten solder are not recommended for most SMDs.

This first edition of IEC 60749-20-1 is based principally on IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 ¹ and the permission to use this standard is gratefully acknowledged. It is also based on contributing documents from various national committees.

¹ Refer to Bibliography.

Withdrawing

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES – MECHANICAL AND CLIMATIC TEST METHODS –

Part 20-1: Handling, packing, labelling and shipping of surface-mount devices sensitive to the combined effect of moisture and soldering heat

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60749 applies to all non-hermetic SMD packages which are subjected to reflow solder processes and which are exposed to the ambient air.

The purpose of this document is to provide SMD manufacturers and users with standardized methods for handling, packing, shipping, and use of moisture/reflow sensitive SMDs which have been classified to the levels defined in IEC 60749-20. These methods are provided to avoid damage from moisture absorption and exposure to solder reflow temperatures that can result in yield and reliability degradation. By using these procedures, safe and damage-free reflow can be achieved, with the dry packing process, providing a minimum shelf life capability in sealed dry-bags from the seal date.

Two test conditions, method A and method B, are specified in the soldering heat test of IEC 60749-20. For method A, moisture soak conditions are specified on the assumption that moisture content inside the moisture barrier bag is less than 30 % RH. For method B, moisture soaking conditions are specified on the assumption that manufacturer's exposure time (MET) does not exceed 24 h and the moisture content inside the moisture barrier bag is less than 10 % RH. In an actual handling environment, SMDs tested by method A are permitted to absorb moisture up to 30 % RH, and SMDs tested by method B are permitted to absorb moisture up to 10 % RH. This standard specifies the handling conditions for SMDs subjected to the above test conditions.

NOTE Hermetic SMD packages are not moisture sensitive and do not require moisture precautionary handling.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60749-20, *Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods – Part 20: Resistance of plastic-encapsulated SMDs to the combined effect of moisture and soldering heat*

IEC 60749-30, *Semiconductor devices – Mechanical and climatic test methods – Part 30: Preconditioning of non-hermetic surface mount devices prior to reliability testing*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

active desiccant

desiccant that is either fresh (new) or has been baked according to the manufacturer's recommendations to renew it to original specifications