

# PUBLICLY AVAILABLE SPECIFICATION

## PRE-STANDARD

Vacuum cleaners for commercial use – Methods for measuring performance

Witholdam



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## CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	6
INTRODUCTION.....	8
1 Scope.....	9
2 Normative references .....	9
3 Terms and definitions .....	9
4 General conditions for testing.....	11
4.1 Atmospheric conditions .....	11
4.2 Test equipment and materials.....	12
4.3 Voltage and frequency .....	12
4.4 Running-in of vacuum cleaner and attachments .....	12
4.5 Equipment of the vacuum cleaner.....	12
4.6 Operation of the vacuum cleaner .....	13
4.7 Conditioning prior to tests.....	13
4.8 Initial application of dust.....	13
4.9 Mechanical operator.....	13
4.10 Number of samples .....	13
4.11 In-house reference cleaner system(s).....	13
5 Dry vacuum cleaning tests.....	14
5.1 Dust removal from hard flat floors.....	14
5.1.1 Test equipment.....	14
5.1.2 Test area and stroke length .....	14
5.1.3 Removal of remaining dust.....	14
5.1.4 Distribution of test dust.....	14
5.1.5 Preconditioning of dust receptacle.....	14
5.1.6 Determination of dust removal ability .....	15
5.2 Dust removal from hard floors with uneven surfaces.....	15
5.2.1 Test equipment.....	15
5.2.2 Distribution of test dust.....	15
5.2.3 Determination of dust removal ability.....	15
5.3 Dust removal from carpets.....	16
5.3.1 Test carpet .....	16
5.3.2 Test area and stroke length .....	16
5.3.3 Conditioning of test carpet.....	17
5.3.4 Distribution of test dust.....	17
5.3.5 Embedding of dust into carpet .....	17
5.3.6 Preconditioning of dust receptacle.....	17
5.3.7 Determination of dust removal ability.....	18
5.4 Dust removal along walls.....	19
5.4.1 Test equipment and materials.....	19
5.4.2 Distribution of test dust.....	19
5.4.3 Determination of dust removal ability along walls.....	19
5.5 Fibre removal from carpets.....	20
5.6 Maximum usable volume of the dust receptacle.....	20
5.6.1 Conditions for measurement.....	20

5.6.2	Introduction of moulding granules .....	20
5.6.3	Determination of maximum usable volume of dust receptacle .....	20
5.7	Air data .....	20
5.7.1	Conditions for measurement .....	21
5.7.2	Test equipment .....	21
5.7.3	Determination of air data .....	21
5.8	Performance with loaded dust receptacle .....	22
5.8.1	Determination of suction pressure change with loaded dust receptacle .....	22
5.8.2	Throttling to simulate loaded dust receptacle .....	25
5.8.3	Determination of performance with loaded dust receptacle .....	26
5.9	Filtration efficiency of the vacuum cleaner .....	26
5.9.1	Test conditions .....	26
5.9.2	Determining the test dust quantity .....	26
5.9.3	Test procedure .....	26
5.9.4	Evaluation .....	27
5.9.5	Particle concentration and dilution .....	29
5.9.6	Record keeping .....	29
5.10	HEPA filtration equivalence of the vacuum cleaner .....	30
5.10.1	Object of the test .....	30
5.10.2	Test procedure .....	30
5.10.3	Determination of HEPA equivalence .....	30
5.11	Total emissions of the vacuum cleaner .....	30
5.11.1	Test method .....	30
6	Miscellaneous tests .....	30
6.1	Motion resistance .....	31
6.1.1	Test carpet and test equipment .....	31
6.1.2	Determination of motion resistance .....	31
6.2	Cleaning under office furniture .....	31
6.2.1	Distribution of test dust .....	32
6.2.2	Determination of free office furniture height .....	32
6.3	Maximum radius of operation .....	32
6.3.1	Conditions for measurement .....	32
6.3.2	Determination of radius of operation .....	32
6.4	Impact resistance .....	32
6.4.1	Test equipment .....	33
6.4.2	Determination of impact resistance .....	33
6.5	Deformation of hose and connecting tubes .....	33
6.5.1	Test equipment .....	33
6.5.2	Determination of permanent deformation .....	33
6.6	Bump test .....	34
6.6.1	Test equipment .....	34
6.6.2	Test cycle .....	35
6.6.3	Test procedure .....	36
6.7	Flexibility of the hose .....	36
6.7.1	Preparation of test object .....	36
6.7.2	Determination of the flexibility of the hose .....	37
6.8	Repeated bending of the hose .....	37

6.8.1	Test equipment.....	37
6.8.2	Test method .....	38
6.9	Life test.....	38
6.10	Mass .....	39
6.11	Weight in hand .....	39
6.12	Dimensions .....	39
6.13	Noise level .....	39
6.14	Energy consumption.....	39
6.14.1	Energy consumption when vacuuming of carpets.....	39
6.14.2	Energy consumption with vacuuming of hard floors with uneven surfaces .....	41
7	Test material and equipment .....	42
7.1	Material for measurements .....	42
7.1.1	Test carpets .....	42
7.1.2	Standard dust type .....	43
7.1.3	Fibre material .....	45
7.1.4	Moulding granules .....	45
7.2	Equipment for measurements.....	45
7.2.1	Floor test plate .....	45
7.2.2	Test plates with uneven surfaces.....	45
7.2.3	Carpet-beating machine .....	45
7.2.4	Carpet hold-downs and guides.....	46
7.2.5	Dust spreader.....	47
7.2.6	Rollers for embedding .....	47
7.2.7	Equipment for air data measurement.....	48
7.2.8	Test equipment for determining the fractional filtration efficiency of the vacuum cleaner .....	52
7.2.9	Device for motion resistance test.....	54
7.2.10	Device for impact test.....	54
7.2.11	Device for determination of deformation of hoses and connecting tubes .....	55
7.2.12	Mechanical operator .....	56
7.2.13	Weighing machine .....	57
8	Instructions for use.....	57
9	Information at the point of sale .....	58
Annex A (informative)	Information on materials.....	59
Annex B (informative)	Information at the point of sale .....	62
Annex C (informative)	Information on materials.....	63
Bibliography.....		65
Figure 1 – Right-angled T .....		19
Figure 2 – Air data curves.....		22
Figure 3a – Connecting tube openings.....		23
Figure 4 – Test dust for loading dust receptacle.....		24
Figure 5 – Dust spread uniformly on surface .....		25
Figure 6 – Insertion depth.....		32
Figure 7 – Position of test object and cross-section for measurement of deformation.....		34

Figure 8a – Profile of threshold .....	35
Figure 8b – Arrangements for bump test .....	35
Figure 9 – Preparation of hoses for testing flexibility .....	37
Figure 10 – Equipment for repeated bending of hoses .....	38
Figure 11 – Grain size diagram for test dust.....	44
Figure 12 – Carpet-beating machine .....	46
Figure 13 – Carpet hold-downs and guides .....	46
Figure 14 – Dust spreader and roller for embedding dust into carpets .....	47
Figure 15a – Alternative A equipment for air data measurements.....	48
Figure 15b – Measuring box for alternative A.....	49
Figure 15c – Alternative B equipment for air data measurements.....	50
Figure 15 – Alternative A and B .....	50
Figure 16 – Drum for impact test.....	55
Figure 17 – Device for testing deformation of hoses and connecting tubes.....	56
Figure 18 – Mechanical operator for the measurement of dust removal from carpets and of motion resistance.....	57
 Table 1 – Confidence limits of a Poisson distribution for 95 % – confidence range.....	 29

Withhold

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**VACUUM CLEANERS FOR COMMERCIAL USE –  
METHODS FOR MEASURING PERFORMANCE**

FOREWORD

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IEC-PAS 62611 has been processed by subcommittee 59F: Floor treatment appliances, of IEC technical committee 59: Performance of household and similar electrical appliances.

The text of this PAS is based on the following document:

This PAS was approved for publication by the P-members of the committee concerned as indicated in the following document

Draft PAS	Report on voting
59F/184/PAS	59F/185/RVD

Following publication of this PAS, which is a pre-standard publication, the technical committee or subcommittee concerned may transform it into an International Standard.

This PAS is based on the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of IEC 60312 (*Vacuum cleaners for household use – Method of measuring the performance*), and has been adapted to the operating environment of commercial appliances.

This PAS shall remain valid for an initial maximum period of 3 years starting from the publication date. The validity may be extended for a single 3-year period, following which it shall be revised to become another type of normative document, or shall be withdrawn.

Withdrawn

## INTRODUCTION

This PAS specifies provisional methods of measuring the performance of commercial vacuum cleaners for use in offices, shops and similar commercial establishments taking into account the differences in operation compared to household vacuum cleaners.

It is the intention of subcommittee SC 59F to review this PAS based on experience achieved and publish an International Standard on this subject.

Withdrawn

# VACUUM CLEANERS FOR COMMERCIAL USE – METHODS FOR MEASURING PERFORMANCE

## 1 Scope

These test methods are applicable to vacuum cleaners for commercial use.

The purpose of this PAS is to specify essential performance characteristics of vacuum cleaners being of interest to the users and to describe methods for measuring these characteristics.

NOTE Due to the influence of environmental conditions, variations in time, origin of test materials and proficiency of the operator, most of the described test methods will give more reliable results when applied for comparative testing of a number of appliances at the same time, in the same laboratory and by the same operator.

For safety requirements, refer to IEC 60335-1, IEC 60335-2-2 and IEC 60335-2-69.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60312, *Vacuum cleaners for household use – Methods of measuring the performance*

IEC 60704-1, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 60704-2-1, *Household and similar electrical appliances – Test code for the determination of airborne acoustical noise – Part 2-1: Particular requirements for vacuum cleaners*

ISO 554, *Standard atmospheres for conditioning and/or testing – Specifications*

ISO 679, *Cement – Test methods – Determination of strength*

ISO 5167-1, *Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full – Part 1: General principles and requirements*

EN 1822, *Classification of HEPA and ULPA filters*

ASTM F2608, *Total emissions of a vacuum cleaner*

ASTM F1977, *Fractional filtration efficiency of a vacuum cleaner*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply:

### 3.1

#### **cleaning head**

plain nozzle or a brush attached to a connecting tube, or a power nozzle, separate or part of the cleaner housing, and that part of a vacuum cleaner which is applied to a surface to be cleaned