

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Ultrasonics – Physiotherapy systems – Field specifications and methods
of measurement in the frequency range 0,5 MHz to 5 MHz**

**Ultrasons – Systèmes de physiothérapie – Spécifications des champs
et méthodes de mesure dans la plage de fréquences de 0,5 MHz à 5 MHz**





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ULTRASONICS – PHYSIOTHERAPY SYSTEMS –
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IEC 61689 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 87: Ultrasonics. It is an International Standard.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2013. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition.

- a) The requirement on water oxygen content is specified in 6.1.
- b) Former recommendations in 6.2 have been changed to become requirements.
- c) Several definitions in Clause 3 have been updated in line with other TC 87 documents.
- d) The formerly informative Annex A has been changed to become normative, and now contains details on how conformance with IEC 60601-2-5 requirements is checked.
- e) Annex D has been considerably shortened and reference to a now withdrawn regulatory document has been removed.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
87/784/FDIS	87/789/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

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INTRODUCTION

Ultrasound at low megahertz frequencies is widely used in medicine for the purposes of physiotherapy. Such equipment consists of a generator of high frequency electrical energy and usually a hand-held **treatment head**, often referred to as an applicator. The **treatment head** contains a transducer, usually a disc of piezoelectric material, for converting the electrical energy to **ultrasound** and is often designed for contact with the human body.