

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety –
Part 2-16: Particular requirements for food waste disposers**

**Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues – Sécurité –
Partie 2-16: Règles particulières pour les broyeurs de déchets**



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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	3
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
2 Normative references	7
3 Definitions	7
4 General requirement.....	8
5 General conditions for the tests	8
6 Classification.....	8
7 Marking and instructions.....	8
8 Protection against access to live parts.....	9
9 Starting of motor-operated appliances	9
10 Power input and current	9
11 Heating	9
12 Void.....	9
13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature.....	9
14 Transient overvoltages	9
15 Moisture resistance	10
16 Leakage current and electric strength.....	10
17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits	10
18 Endurance.....	10
19 Abnormal operation.....	10
20 Stability and mechanical hazards	10
21 Mechanical strength.....	11
22 Construction.....	11
23 Internal wiring.....	12
24 Components.....	12
25 Supply connection and external flexible cords	12
26 Terminals for external conductors.....	12
27 Provision for earthing.....	12
28 Screws and connections.....	12
29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation	13
30 Resistance to heat and fire.....	13
31 Resistance to rusting.....	13
32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards.....	13
Annexes	14
Annex C (normative) Aging test on motors.....	14
2 Annex R (normative) Software evaluation	14
Bibliography.....	14

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

Part 2-16: Particular requirements for food waste disposers

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This consolidated version of the official IEC Standard and its amendments has been prepared for user convenience.

IEC 60335-2-16 edition 5.2 contains the fifth edition (2002) [documents 61/2278/FDIS and 61/2332/RVD], its amendment 1 (2008) [documents 61/3542/FDIS and 61/3596/RVD] and its amendment 2 (2011) [documents 61/4105/CDV and 61/4202/RVC].

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendments 1 and 2.

This part of International Standard IEC 60335 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 61: Safety of household and similar electrical appliances.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This part 2 is to be used in conjunction with the latest edition of IEC 60335-1 and its amendments. It was established on the basis of the fourth edition (2001) of that standard.

NOTE 1 When "Part 1" is mentioned in this standard, it refers to IEC 60335-1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses in IEC 60335-1, so as to convert that publication into the IEC standard: Safety requirements for electric food waste disposers.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 2 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.

NOTE 3 The following print types are used:

- requirements: in roman type;
- *test specifications: in italic type;*
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

The following differences exist in the countries indicated below.

- Clause 1: The installation of food waste disposers is not allowed (Austria, Germany and Netherlands).
- Clause 1: Permission to install food waste disposers depends upon the local authority responsible for the sewage system (Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Italy, Japan, Norway, Slovakia, Switzerland and Turkey).
- Clause 1: Permission to install food waste disposers depends upon the national authority (China).
- 3.1.9: Normal operation is different (USA).
- 6.1: Class 0I appliances are allowed (Japan).
- 11.7: The operating cycles are different (USA).
- 15.2: The test methods are different (USA).
- 19.7: The test methods are different (USA).
- 19.9: A running overload test is carried out (USA).
- 20.101: The test is different (USA).
- 22.104: The test is not carried out (USA).

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendments will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE 4 The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of the amendment 1 be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

2 | It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of the amendment 2 be adopted for implementation nationally not earlier than 12 months or later than 36 months from the date of publication.

Withdrawn

INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice and takes into account the way in which electromagnetic phenomena can affect the safe operation of appliances.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

When a part 2 standard does not include additional requirements to cover hazards dealt with in Part 1, Part 1 applies.

NOTE 1 This means that the technical committees responsible for the part 2 standards have determined that it is not necessary to specify particular requirements for the appliance in question over and above the general requirements.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

NOTE 2 Horizontal and generic standards covering a hazard are not applicable since they have been taken into consideration when developing the general and particular requirements for the IEC 60335 series of standards. For example, in the case of temperature requirements for surfaces on many appliances, generic standards, such as ISO 13732-1 for hot surfaces, are not applicable in addition to Part 1 or part 2 standards.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.